



THE SOVIET UNION UNDER STALIN

| 1. | with the death of in January 1924, Joseph Stalin became the leader of the Soviet Union. |
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| 2. | In a short time, Stalin turned the Soviet Union into a state controlled by a powerful and complex |
| 3. | Once in power, Stalin set to make the Soviet Union a modern |
| 4. | To achieve his goals, Stalin brought all economic activity under control. The government owned all, distributed all, and the Soviet Union developed a economy. |
| 5. | Overall, the standard of living under Stalin remained low were low, workers were forbidden to, and goods were scarce. Central planning was inefficient and factories turned out large quantities of |
| 6. | Stalin also brought under his control, but at a horrendous cost. |
| 7. | Farmers were permitted to keep their and personal belongings, but all andhad to be turned over to the government. The state set all and controlled access to farm supplies. |
| 8. | Farmers resisted Stalin's policies and in 1932, the government seized all of their leaving the peasants to starve to million people died in the Ukraine alone more died in other parts of the Soviet Union. |
| 9. | As time went on, Stalin tightened his grasp on every aspect of, stamping out any signs of, Stalin ruthlessly used as a weapon against his own people. He perpetrated against humanity, carried out politically motivated, and systematically violated his people's |
| 10. | Critics were rounded up and sent to the, a system of brutal labor camps, where many died. Many were, and countless individuals were put on trial and accused of crimes they did not |
| 11. | In order to maintain total control over the hearts and minds of the people, Stalin's regime tirelessly distributed, censored any ideas, imposed Russian culture on, and replaced religion with |
| 12. | Using modern technology, the Communist Party bombarded the public with relentless |